

AirTaint: Making Dynamic Taint Analysis Faster and Easier 更快更易用的动态污点分析

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Motivation

```

push ecx
push edx
push esi

lea ecx, [ebx]
mov edx, memory_taint_map
mov esi, ecx
shr esi, 3
and ecx, 7
movzx esi, word ptr [edx+esi]
sar esi, cl
and esi, 0xf

mov edi, reg_taint_map

or [edi+0x20], esi

pop esi
pop edx
pop ecx

sub eax, [ebx]
    
```

(a.1) Register Context Saving

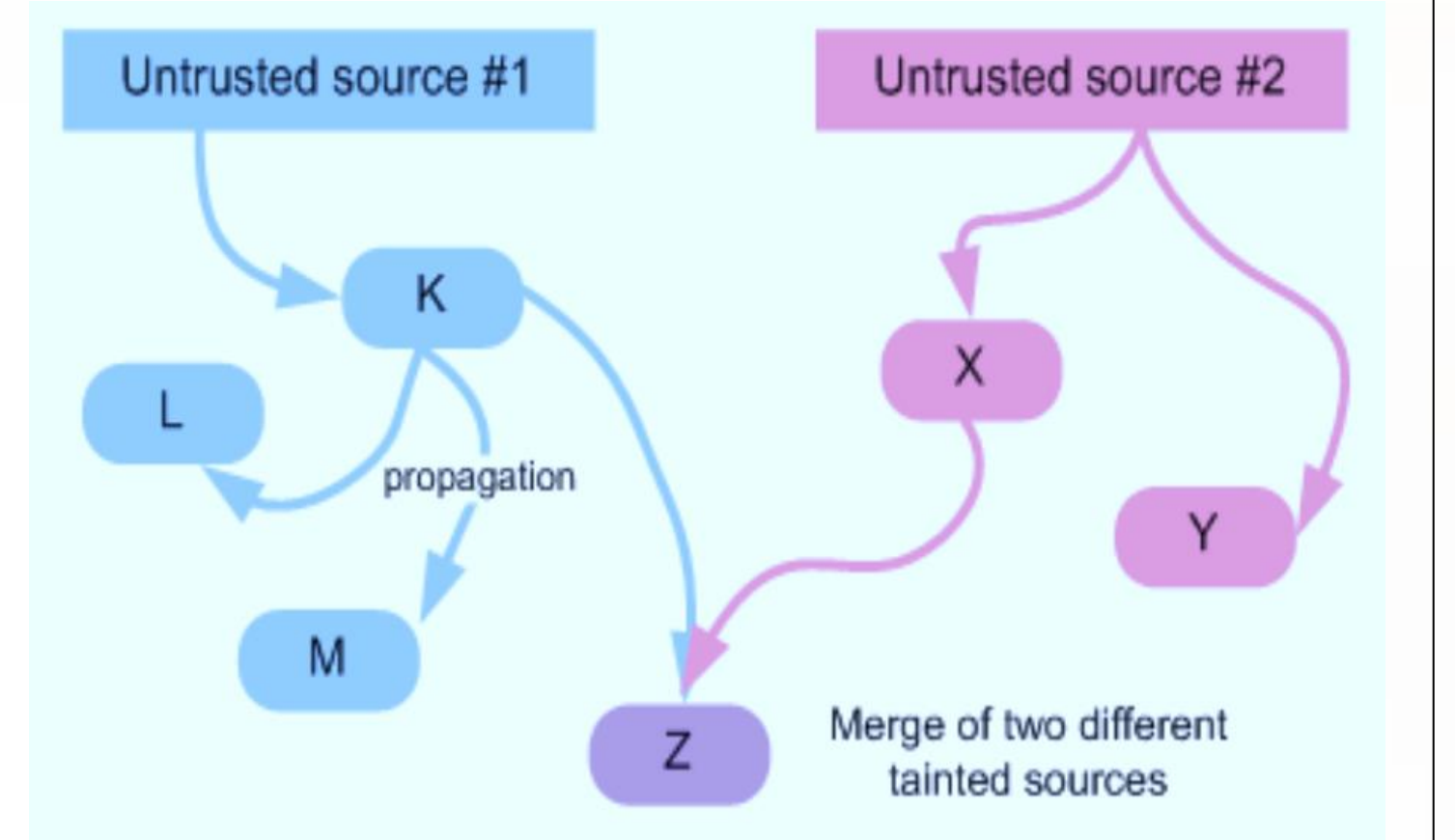
(b.1) Taint Status Query ([ebx]):
 $T([ebx])$

(b.2) Taint Status Query (eax):
 $T(eax)$

(c) Taint Status Calculation:
 $T(eax) := T([ebx]) | T(eax)$

(a.2) Register Context Restoring

Original Program Instruction



动态污点分析原理：跟踪每条指令，并按照指令语义进行污点传播计算

为了一条sub指令，需要插桩16条指令 (libdft)

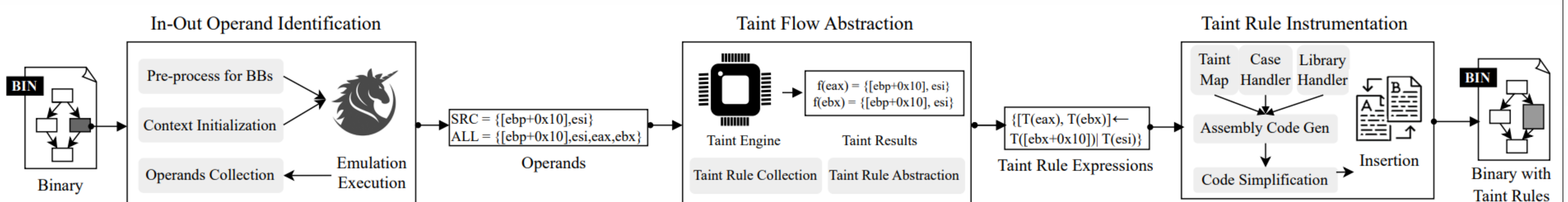
Idea

1:div dword ptr [ebx+0x8]	1:T(eax):=T(eax) T(edx) T([ebx+0x8])	1:tmp1:=T(eax)	11:T(eax):=T([ebx+0x10]) T(esi)
2:add ecx, edx	T(edx):=T(eax) T(edx) T([ebx+0x8])	tmp2:=T(edx)	T(ebx):=T([ebx+0x10]) T(esi)
3:sub [ebx+0x8], ecx	2:T(ecx):=T(ecx) T(edx)	tmp3:=T(ecx)	T(ecx):=T([ebx+0x10])
4:add ebx, 0x10	3:T([ebx+0x8]):=T([ebx+0x8]) T(ecx)	tmp4:=T([ebx+0x8])	T(edx):=T(eax) T(edx) T([ebx+0x8]) T(ecx)
5:xor edx, edx	4:T(ebx):=T(ebx)	3:T([ebx+0x8]):=tmp1 tmp2 tmp3 tmp4	T([ebx+0x8]):=T(eax) T(edx) T([ebx+0x8]) T(ecx)
6:div ecx	5:T(edx):=0x0	7:T(edx):=tmp1 tmp2 tmp3 tmp4	T([edx+esi]):=T([edx+esi]) T([ebx+0x10])
7:mov ecx, [ebx+0x10]	6:T(eax):=T(eax) T(ecx)	T(ecx):=T([ebx+0x10])	
8:lea ebx, [ecx+esi]	T(edx):=T(eax) T(ecx)	11:T(ebx):=T(ecx) T(esi)	
9:shl esi, 3	7:T(ecx):=T([ebx+0x10])	T([edx+esi]):=T([edx+esi]) T(ecx)	
10:or [edx+esi], ecx	8:T(ebx):=T(ecx) T(esi)	T(eax):=T(ecx) T(esi)	
11:lea eax, [ebx+esi]	9:T(esi):=T(esi)		
	10:T([edx+esi]):=T([edx+esi]) T(ecx)		
	11:T(eax):=T(ebx) T(esi)		

指令级污点计算
-> 基本块级计算



AirTaint



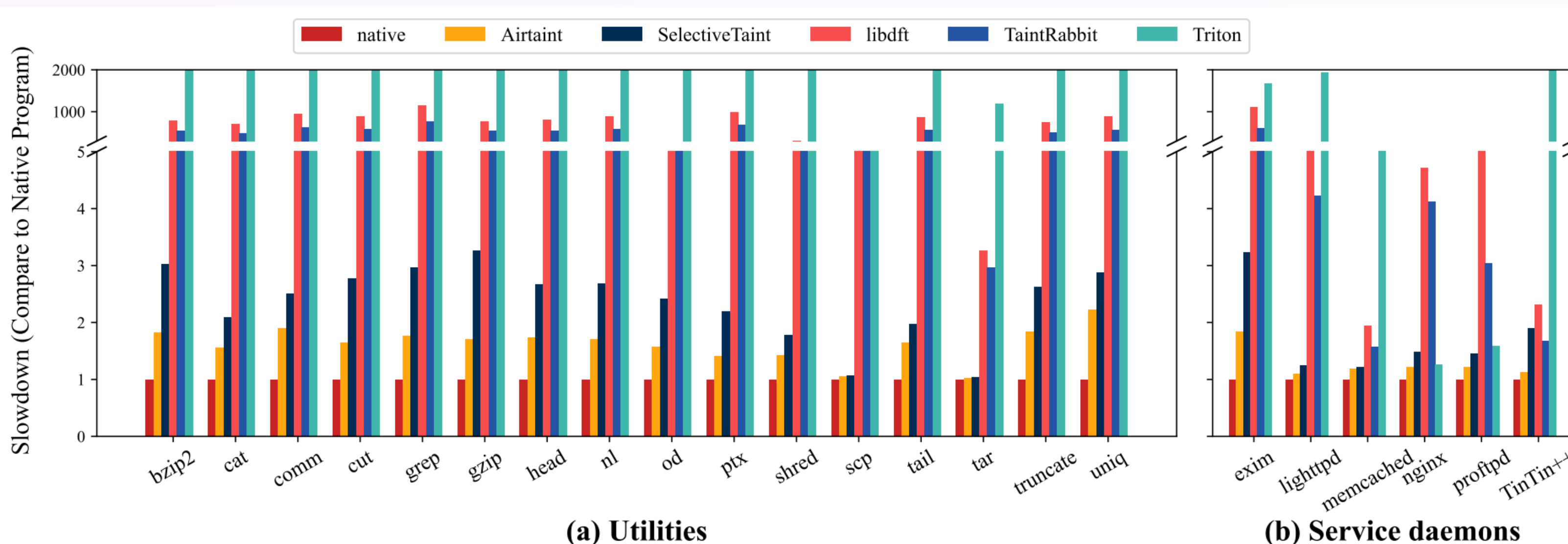
挑战:

- 如何准确识别基本块的输入输出
- 如何自动化地提取基本块的污点计算规则
- 如何实现运行时高效的污点计算

方法:

- 基本块的模拟执行 (基于Unicorn)
- 借助现有污点传播引擎 (如Triton) 提取
- 静态插桩 (如RetroWrite) 插入汇编代码

Evaluation



平均比
SelectiveTaint[USENIX Security 21]效率提升 **1.53倍**;
比libdft[VEE 12]提升 **509.0倍**;
比TaintRabbit[AisaCCS 20]提升 **216.3倍**

CVE-ID	Program	Vulnerability Type	Source Point	Sink Point	x86	x86-64
CVE-2019-8343	NASM 2.14.02	use-after-free	preproc.c:5165	preproc.c:900	✓	✓
CVE-2019-20352	NASM 2.15rc1	heap-buffer-overflow	preproc.c:1335	preproc.c:387	✓	✓
CVE-2018-11575	ngiflib 0.4	stack-buffer-overflow	git2tga.c:95	ngiflib.c:524	✓	✓
CVE-2019-16346	ngiflib 0.4	heap-buffer-overflow	git2tga.c:95	ngiflib.c:123	✓	✓
CVE-2018-19655	dcrav 9.28	stack-buffer-overflow	dcrav.c:885	dcrav.c:8342	✓	✓
CVE-2021-3624	dcrav 9.28	integer-overflow	dcrav.c:3197, 3198	dcrav.c:3221	✓	✓
CVE-2018-6612	Jhead 3.00	integer-underflow	jpgfile.c:159, 160	exif.c:1034	✓	✓
CVE-2020-26208	Jhead 3.00	heap-buffer-overflow	jpgfile.c:159, 160	jpgfile.c:286	✓	✓
CVE-2017-1000074	Gravity 0.2.6	stack-buffer-overflow	gravity.c:187	gravity_core.c:1595	✓	✓
CVE-2017-14408	MP3Gain 1.5.2	stack-buffer-overflow	mp3gain.c:1778	layer3.c:1255	✓	✓
CVE-2019-7629	TinTin++ 2.01.6	stack-buffer-overflow	update.c:228	parse.c:771	✓	✓
CVE-2018-6789	exim 4.89	heap-buffer-overflow	get_data.c:34	b64decode.c:156	✓	✓
CVE-2020-19143	LibTIFF 4.0.10	global-buffer-overflow	tif_unix.c:169	tif_dir.c:1116	✓	✓
CVE-2018-18557	LibTIFF 4.0.8	heap-buffer-overflow	tif_jbig.c:63	tif_jbig.c:101	✓	✓

支持x86, x86-64平台的漏洞检测能力, 且由于方法设计, AirTaint 具有很好的扩展性, 可更新规则、支持新架构

<https://github.com/TCA-ISCAS/AirTaint>